THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1870. [VOLUME II---NUMBER 230

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MARCH 16.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA, 3 o'clock, P. M., March 16.

There was a better feeling in the market this morning, and our merchants generally were busy.

The market, however, is irregular, owing to the fluctuating and downward tendency of Gold. Buyers are cautious. Prime yellow Corn can be purchased at 1 20, by the car load, and prime white 1 23. Still there are some who ask 1 25, and get it. With the Gold market settled, prices will be more regular and steady. Meats though uneasy have not materially declined. Sugars are easy, while Coffee is firm. The market has been bare of Peas until to-day. A Whitehall street merchant received a consignment. The railroads are still crowded with freight.

COTTON—Market moderately active. Receipts light; middlings 18; low middlings 17; good ordinary 16; ordinary 12½.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 11; selling at 1 15. Silver buying at 1 08; selling at 1 12. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GRAIN.—Corn in good demand at 1 20a1 23 by the car load, at the depot; 1 28a1 28 in small lots. Wheat 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. Oats in good demand, at 78, by the car load, 85 in small lots. Rye, 1 25.

BACON—Fair stock on hand, prices easier; clear sides 17¼a18; shoulders 14a14½; plain hams 18a20; canvased 21¼ a24.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 16¼a16¾; clear rib sides 16a16¼; shoulders 13; hams 17½a18.

LARD—Barrels 18a18½; kegs and cans 19a19¾.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a 62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

FLOUR.—Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 25; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

CORN FEED.—Peas, 2 75; pea meal, none; oil meal 4 50a5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; prime hay, 1 70a1 90 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Corn Feed, 1 00 per bushel. Stock meal 1 00 per bushel. Baled shucks 2 00 per 100 lbs.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½a7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross, 8½c net light.

HARDWARE.—Swedes iron, 8½; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 6a6½; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 8s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 25a28c; German, 18a20.

FERTILIZERS. — Dickson's Compound, 65 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Super Phosphate Lime, 65 00a70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 75 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Wham's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ruth's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Flour of Rawbone (at mills,) 75 00; pure Dissolved Bone (at mills,) 75 00. Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Etiwan No. 1, 62; No. 2, 72 00; Peruvian Guano 100 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's Superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 70 00; Berger & Butts' Excelsior Superphosphate of Lime 70 00 00.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 28 by car load, 1 35 in small lots. Rice, 8½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 16a17c; Tallow 12a15c. A, Sugar, 17c; Extra C, 16; Yellow, C, 14a15; Brown, 15½. Rio Coffee, 19a21; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57a60. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 22c. Goshen butter 40a45c; Tennessee, 25a30. Apples 4 00a7 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 2 75a3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00a6 00. Eggs, 18a20c per doz. by the lot. Venison Hams 16a18c per lb.

DRY GOODS.—Allens 10; Sprague, 10; Pacific 10; Lancaster, 10; Wamsutta, 9; Amoskeag, 12. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 40. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Shirtings, ⅞, 13c; B. Shirting, 4-4, 15c; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 14a14½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 12a15c; Brown drills, 15½; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes, 17a19; Checks, 19a19½; Montour Osnaburgs, 20; Troup, 21a21½; Yarns, 1 90a2 00.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LUMBER—All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 80a80c; Hoingskins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

RAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 5a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 3 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 16.—Stocks steady. Exchange—long 8¾; short 8¾. Gold 12. Bonds 10½. Money easy at 6. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 59; new 49¼. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons, 71; new 70½. Louisiana old 74 asked; new 72. Levee sixes 73½; eights, 84. Alabama eights 97½; fives 70. Georgia sixes 83; 7s 93½. North Carolinas, old 46¾; new 20¾. South Carolinas old, 88; new 83.

Flour dull and declining. Wheat dull and nominally lower. Corn dull and drooping. Pork dull; mess 25 75. Lard heavy at 14¼a14¾. Cotton firmer and quiet at 21½a22. Spirits turpentine firm at 45a45½.

LONDON, March 16, noon.—Consols 93⅞. Bonds 91. Sugar firm. Tallow firm.

LIVERPOOL, March 16, noon.—Cotton firm; uplands 10¾; Orleans 11¼a11¼; sales 12,000 bales.

☞ An exchange remarks that there was nothing improper in the letters of the Prince of Wales to Lady Mordaunt, except the grammar.

Mr. Spaulding, the enrolling clerk of the Texas House of Representatives, has been arrested on the charge of peculation.

PERSONAL.—We had calls yesterday, from Col. J. A. Hanks, of Dalton, Col. J. Hooper, of Kingston, and Mr. Florence, of Emory College.

We had calls this morning, from Colonel Weir Boyd, Judge Rice, and Colonel Price, from Dahlonega.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

The Negroe's Friend.

A negro man in Atlanta has received a letter from his sick mother in Athens. She thus writes:

"If I should die here, I have no idea of being buried by colored people. My only dependence is on my white friends."

☞ See Fourth Page.

MORE PROOF.

The Guillotine at Work on Men who Get Mad that the Radical Organ is Forced on Them.

DALTON, March 14 1870.

Editor Constitution: You ought to see what a mad set of fellows are scattered all along the railroad. Last Thursday and Friday they were paid off, and in part payment each one received a scrip as follows:

"$5. Half subscription for the *Era*."

Two of the fellows cursed a little and were turned off. Yours, etc.

The Brunswick Railroad Slander.

We copied a day or two back a special dispatch from the Atlanta slander mill to Forney's Chronicle about the Brunswick and Albany Railroad hands. The slander mill man said it was an outbreak against Georgia Radicalism, and a taste of Democratic disloyalty, to result from the Bingham amendment.

The Savannah Republican thus explains the matter, showing how ridiculous was the attempt to give this political bearing to a mere business matter. It shows, also, how hard run the Bullockites are for slander material:

THE BRUNSWICK RAILROAD TROUBLES.

The Atlanta organ of Bullock is raising a considerable muss over this affair, and Terry, it is said, has sent troops to the road in order to quell what is called a "disturbance." The disturbance consists, we learn, simply in the refusal of the hands employed to work any longer on the road until they are paid for what they have done according to their engagements with the contractors. The suggestion is ingenuously thrown out, that the strike was induced by outside parties, "enemies of the road," is all bosh. The "outbreak" consists in the clamor of the laborers for their money and a refusal to work until it is paid. The Atlanta *News Era* of Saturday says:

"A detachment of soldiers will, however, bring the defected laborers to their senses, and they will find it very convenient to go to work again and work on until the road shall have been completed."

Now, we would be glad to know what the Federal soldiers have to do with this matter. It is at least a new business for the army to make people work without pay! The laborers in this case, we learn, are mostly negroes, the class for whom the government professes to feel a peculiar solicitude—is this not using the army to reduce the blacks to their involuntary servitude?

Industrial School for Ladies.

Editor Constitution: Deeply impressed with the necessity of opening more avenues of respectable and remunerative labor to our sex, we earnestly invite an immediate consideration to all thinking minds, especially we urge it upon the clergy, and teachers, whose duty it is to present the importance of the matter in its proper light. There are those who have it in their power to aid us, and while doing so, might help themselves pecuniarily, and at the same time earn the enviable reputation of being the first to perform the noble work of using their influence to widen the sphere of usefulness and honorable labor to the mothers and daughters of the South. There are ways in which the field of woman's energies might be greatly enlarged, places she might fill where she would be required merely to perform *womanly* work. We would not have our sex push forward to compete with men for those positions and occupations alone suited for man, but there are indoor places which all allow, may be filled by a lady without departing one iota from the true standard of a modest, dignified woman; the men now occupying places which worthy women, who are now asking and much needing employment, could fill, would certainly not murmur if forced to seek other and perhaps rougher, though not less manly employment in the broad fields of enterprise, always and everywhere open to them. In giving the preference to the ladies they will simply make practical that beautiful, sentimental idea of chivalry, with which we always loved to invest our beau ideal of the opposite sex.

We propose the opening of an Industrial School for the education of girls, where they will have the opportunity of receiving a thorough, systematic, practical training in the domestic, as well as in the departments of Industry and Fine Arts which may be taught.

We would like to hear the views of those interested in the above proposition.

Atlanta, March 15, 1870. S. B.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

The Paris Poor—An Angelic Princess Given to Belligerence—French Miserables—The Breeches Among the Petticoats—Hyacinthe.

Special For. Cor. of The Constitution.]

PARIS, Feb. 26, 1870.

Editor Constitution: France prides herself on having no Poor Laws, but she has her poor always with her, to whom relief is carried by the usual apostles of charity—the clergy and the sisters, as well as by volunteer relieving officers. There are in Paris several Hospices where the aged poor are succored. The funds for the maintenance of these establishments are raised by taxing, with ten per cent., the receipts of the theatres, and other places of amusement in proportion. Managers have for years rebelled against the nightly carrying off of this tenth part of what they possessed, and have "struck"—decline to pay the poors' rate any longer, and double lock their cash boxes. It was the First Napoleon who decreed the tax—formerly, the clergy collected the rates from the *orfelins*, while damning them at the same time. The tax after all, came out of the pockets of the public. It has never prevented any one from going to a theatre, nor has it been the cause of managers' bankruptcy—the most common of all "spectacles."

A Prince and Princess—and Paris is full of them—very wealthy—a fruit less common—and both young, were married four months ago. When the husband returned from his club, after dropping a considerable amount of money at baccarat, when pain and anguish wrung the brow, his wife proved a ministering angel by trying lamps, lustres, and such nick-nacks at his head. His Highness has applied for a separation, and his ladye fair warmly supports it.

The most miserable class of men in France, and above all, in Paris, are the apothecaries. Not that many misery has were there to be seen, or that the shops contain but a beggarly assortment of empty bottles. Those in a position of comfort comply in their features, perpetually, condescending sadly and strangely with the gay and frivolous public. Even during revolutionary times, when their shops are permitted to remain open all night, they are as melancholy as mutes. Yet this grave class is also about adopting the "order of the day"—a strike. It appears that the law only allows apothecaries of the "first class" to have their abiding city in Paris; the holders of second class licenses must keep outside the walls—what some of them have not done, but pitched their tents inside—*hino illal lacrimæ.*

The misery of Paris is represented by 101,570 individuals, of whom 40,000 are heads of families—the population of the city being under two millions. The average rate of public assistance given to this number of poor, is one centime per day—the tenth part of a farthing, the five hundredth part of a dollar.

Among the list of this crowd of wretchedness figure 4 apothecaries, 10 literateurs, 1 doctor, 1 dancing master, and 10 professors of languages, 227 scavengers, 2 "sprinklers of Holy water," whom the Church ought to pension, and 191 persons who have never had any occupation—a fact that losfers ought to digest.

So much for the male sex. Among the women, 1,772 milliners, etc., 1,137 needlewomen, 457 "sugar candy manufacturers," 10 midwives, 20 governesses, 175 nurses, 108 scavengers—Germany contributes largely her flaxen-haired daughters to sweep Paris—and 221 who never had any porfessions.

Rev. Father Hyacinth's, or rather, Mrs. Laybon's, new journal, la Concord, will be brought out under the most favorable auspices. His brother, and several other professors of theology, will be among the contributors, as also the Emperor's Chaplain. It will be the organ of the new Catholic party—the Church of the future, whose seat would be in Gaul, instead of Rome.

BOURRIENT.

THE CONVENTION.

Explanation—The Constitution Had No Hand in it.

From a letter from the gentleman who sent us the resolution proposing a Convention of the people of Georgia, we make the following extract:

ATLANTA, March 9, 1870.

Col. C. W. Styles, Albany, Ga.:

DEAR SIR: . . . . . .

In reference to the call I sent you, I would say that it was prepared by myself in consultation with members of the Legislature and others, and the editor and proprietor of THE CONSTITUTION had nothing to do with it. The idea was to have the matter discussed simultaneously by the press of Georgia. I believe that you were right in approving a Convention, and still think a Convention ought to be held. In the first place, the ineligible members of the present Legislature ought to be shown up, and Bullock's plundering schemes checkmated, if possible.

The question of who are to be Senators is insignificant when compared with the financial question. If we are permitted to hold elections this fall, in accordance with the Constitution, the Democratic party ought to be organized. None but the best of men ought to be sent to the Legislature. There are at least eighteen or twenty vacancies to fill. Those vacancies ought to be filled with sound Democrats. The Bond Scratch Executive Committee, though defunct, is exercising its functions, but does us no good. There are members on it openly in the interest of Bullock. If we would be successful, we must have a Convention and a new Committee. The present Committee ought to resign forthwith. I write this hurriedly, to explain the reason why the call was sent to you. I trust yet that we will have a Convention—say in May.

There are too many weak-kneed Democrats, and those seeking gain at Bullock's hands—too many "Achans" in the camp.

[Albany News.

Georgia News.

Pin Roberson and McCoy killed a young man named Brickett. Roberson was shot in the foot.—*Milledgeville Union.*

Brantley Boswell, 13 years old, was killed in Harris county, the 13th, by a negro named William. The murderer caught. *[Columbus Enquirer.*

WHEAT.—We learn from planters that the wheat prospects of this section were never better. The present indications are favorable for an abundant harvest.—*Sparta Times.*

The Sandersville Georgian says that eagles are destructive to sheep and pigs in Washington county. G. M. Brantley has killed four, one of which measured nine feet from tip to tip of wing, and the foot measured eight inches.

The Augusta Constitutionalist reports a big freshet of the Savannah river. The water rose twenty-six feet at the Augusta bridge. Much damage was done in the city, and great danger threatened. Many plantations submerged. Bridges and crossings torn up.

W. T. Lightfoot mortally ill with pneumonia. $3,000 worth of the Macon and Augusta R. R. bridge was washed away by the freshet. In a difficulty between Carlton Cole, Jr., and James Ralston, the latter was dangerously shot in the face.—*Macon Telegraph and Messenger.*

Our city can now *boast* of eleven billiard tables, about twenty drinking establishments, several faro banks, and any number of places where "short cards" are played, and a greater number of colored street-walkers than any other place of its size in Georgia, all of which are permitted by our authorities to do about as they choose. If we continue to go on from bad to worse as we have for some time past, Americus will become intolerable—*Americus Republican.*

THE CATAHOULA VENDETTA.

Last Act in the Tragedy—Full Particulars.

A contemporary having given some particulars of the Black river vendetta, and the escape of the younger Jones, after the murder of his father and brother, duty to the public compels us to furnish information, which has been in the office of the Times since Saturday, and up to this time, for obvious reasons, has been suppressed. The gentleman alluded to, a youth of nineteen, reached this city at a late hour. Friday night or early Saturday morning, on board the steamer Mayflower, after one of the most extraordinary escapes that perhaps has ever been recorded in either romance or history.

Immediately upon his arrival he sought a refuge in the Third District, but shortly afterwards he was removed to another portion of the city, where he has since remained under a strong police guard.

From those who have conversed with him freely, we learn the following details of one of the most horrible outrages that has ever blackened the criminal record of Louisiana.

The story of Sunday evening, February 27th, has already been partially told. While in the custody of Sheriff Ballard, and in the company of Mr. Elijah B. Cotton and several ladies, the house the three then occupied, near Harrisonburg, was completely surrounded by an armed mob who, knocking at the door, first demanded to see the sheriff.

Mr. Ballard, making his appearance, he was in a manner far from violent, but at the same time with the utmost firmness, that it was necessary for him and every other inmate, excepting the three Joneses, to at once leave the premises. Upon his making some demurrer, the order was repeated more peremptorily and in his closing remarks the leader stated the house would be burned in the course of a few minutes. There seemed no alternative, and all the inmates, except the three victims, quietly left. The house is a two story building, with stairs leading from the rear to the second floor. Col. Jones and his sons were on the ground floor, and after the departure of the other inmates, the doors were closely fastened.

When the contest commenced, the three were in a front room. The fight was desperate, and Col. Jones, having exhausted left arm on it, and in the right hand a revolver pointed at the mortal. The second son stood immediately in the rear, with two pistols, one pointed at the chest of the [illegible]

(the one now in the city) was still further back, armed with one revolver. In the brief parley the young brother had urged the unhappy little garrison to take a station up-stairs, but the other two insisted that if fire was used that course would only lead to certain destruction, and that as death was apparently inevitable all had best meet it boldly.

The youth, however, did not seem disposed to give up all hope, and before the assault had fairly commenced, he retreated through a rear room, in the direction of the stair case. About the time he had placed his foot on the first step, there came a terrific banging at the door, apparently with an axe. Hurrying up, he was startled with a crash; the door had fallen, and the horror which followed rivalled the terrors of hell itself. A dozen shots in quick succession, a fiendish yell, the groan of a dying man, and the tramp of heavy footsteps. Men, like wild beasts, maddened at the sight of blood, rushed in all directions. The older son, desperately wounded, tottered out to the garden in the rear, only to have the remnant of life shot out of him by a wretch (revolver in hand) who stood over him as he lay gasping on the ground.

The work of carnage was of short duration; ten minutes completed the butchery below, and then a rush was made for the upper story for the one more victim, a beardless boy, who remained for their hungry bullets. To leap to the ground and certain death, or present his breast to the now ascending assassins, was the thought of an instant. While the assailants were yet on the stairs, he concluded to do neither, and sprang through a front window, and grasping a ledge formed under the sill, he swung out and hung suspended—blood below, blood-thirsty enemies above. How long he remained there is better told by his hands covered with blisters, and so bruised and strained that even now they are nearly useless. The room was speedily filled with men.

Torches were thrust out almost over his head, but thanks to their blinding glare, the victim hung unseen. They evidently believed he had escaped. Parties were even sent to the river, but after a stay of perhaps fifteen minutes, the scene of horror was deserted.

The danger for the moment over, the youth swung himself back into the room, and for a time lay completely overcome by exhaustion. Then came the sad office of viewing the bloody corpses of the only two he claimed akin within thousands of miles. Col. Jones lay where he had stood, pierced by four bullets. He had evidently died instantly, receiving every wound from the front. The son lay in the garden, also dead.

Remaining perhaps an hour on the tragic ground, the boy creeping softly to the river, procured a pirogue, and slowly floating down stream to a lower landing, alighting on board the steamer May flower, he found himself in the midst of his enemies, fifteen of them, armed with shot guns.

While standing in bewilderment, one man, worthy of the name, we wish we dared give it, touched him, and the two walked toward the engine room. He was quickly directed to the hold, a couple of bales of cotton were carelessly rolled over the hatch and the escape was accomplished.

The party left the boat in squads of three and four on the way down the river. It is not certain that all left. It is not certain that some are not here now; that two of them did not, on Saturday night, drive to his refuge in a carriage. He is surrounded, however, by a circle fiercer than Greek fire. Should they penetrate it, 'twill be at the risk of life.—*N. O. Times.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Reconstruction Committee heard six yellow men from Tennessee, regarding the affairs of that State. They make a black record. A further hearing is postponed till Friday.

The House Elections Committee reported Hunt not entitled, but Sheldon entitled, to a seat. There is a reverse minority report.

Sheldon introduced a resolution looking to the disposal of the New Orleans mint and custom house.

In the Senate, a bill protecting pre-emption titles of settlers on public lands in Alabama who located there during the war.

The safety of the City of Boston is another heartless hoax.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The steamer City of Boston arrived at 1 o'clock this morning. On account of the prevalence of ice steamers take the Southern route across the Atlantic.

Major Wm. W. Leland, of hotel fame, cowhided George Wilkes, of the Spirit of the Times, severely. A large crowd were present.

PARIS, March 16.—Roman events are becoming daily graver. Forty members of the Council demand immediate discussion of the infallibility scheme. Austria sustains the French demand for political representatives.

Later advices from Rio Janeiro state Lopez still eludes pursuit.

Supreme Court of the State of Georgia.

JOSEPH E. BROWN, Chief Justice.
H. K. MCCAY,
HIRAM WARNER, } Associate Justices.

December Term, 1869.

Order of Circuits, with number of cases from each:

Tallapoosa Circuit	10 Cases
Atlanta Circuit	22 "
Rome Circuit	5 "
Cherokee Circuit	22 "
Blue Ridge Circuit	13 "
Western Circuit	6 "
Northern Circuit	8 "
Middle Circuit	11 "
Ocmulgee Circuit	10 "
Eastern Circuit	4 "
Brunswick Circuit	0 "

MORNING SESSION.

ATLANTA, March 16, 1870.

Argument was resumed and concluded in No. 4, Blue Ridge Circuit.

Upon motion, No. 8, Blue Ridge Circuit, was reinstated, it having been dismissed before the heel of said Circuit was reached under a misapprehension. It was then argued.

It is Harris & Price vs. R. A. Young. *Certiorari.* From Lumpkin.

W. P. Price, for plaintiffs in error.

Jno. A. Wimpy, for defendant, did not appear.

No. 1, Northern Circuit, is Thos. Pullian, et. al., vs. John A. Sewell, et. al. Illegality and Homestead. From Franklin.

Hutchins & McMillan, by Hillyer & Bro., for plaintiff in error.

J. F. Langston, J. B. Estis, for defendant in error, did not appear.

As soon as the record was read, the Court stopped the cause saying the question was decided by this Court heretofore.

No. 2 is John C. Allison, et. al., vs. Thos. Fayette. Relief. From Habersham.

C. H. Sutton, G. McMillan, by Bleckley, for plaintiff in error.

Phillip Martin, by A. T. Akerman, for defendant.

At conclusion of argument for defendant in error, Court adjourned till 3 o'clock, P. M.

☞ The Mobile Register pities that negro boy the Beast has nominated to West Point, and thinks he will have an awful rough time of it as a "Pleb."

This is all bosh. Those who try the game on Cadine, will have the "rough time of it." Africa is on top now, and white West Point students will find it so.

Hibernian Benevolent Society.

FOURTH ANNIVERSARY.

CELEBRATION OF ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

THE Society are cordially invited to meet at their Hall, on Broad street, over Hillyer & Brother's store, at 8 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow, (this day) and proceed in a body, under the command of the Marshal of the day, to Dodson's Opera House, where an Oration will be delivered by REV. HARRY HILLYER. After the Oration the Society will proceed to the Hall, where a Dinner will be served up for the occasion.

By order of the President.

P. MCGOVERN, Secretary.

mar16-1t

NOTICE TO BUSINESS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

NOTICES of Meetings, Lectures, Concerts, Festivals, Balls, Parties, Amusements, Societies, Churches, Lodges, Associations, Political Meetings, Political Announcements, Political Nominations, Political Resolutions, Political Communications, Political Correspondence, Political Dispatches, Political Telegrams, Political Editorials, Political Reports, Political Items, Political Squibs, Political Jokes, Political Puns, Political Poetry, Political Prose, Political Everything, Political Nothing, Political Something, Political Anything, Political Everybody, Political Nobody, Political Somebody, Political Anybody, Political Everywhere, Political Nowhere, Political Somewhere, Political Anywhere, Political Now, Political Then, Political Always, Political Never, Political Sometimes, Political Forever, Political Whenever, Political Wherever, Political However, Political Whatever, Political Whoever, Political Whichever, Political Whether, Political Either, Political Neither, Political Both, 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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MARCH 17.

☞ We are pleased to learn of the marriage of Major Dunlap Scott to Miss Jones. We offer our congratulations to the happy couple.

BRUNSWICK, GA., March 15, 1870.

Passed the fifty mile-post with our track at 10 o'clock, this A. M. E. HULBERT.

The above dispatch has been received by private parties here. It announces the completion of the fifty miles of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad within the time specified for securing further State aid.

☞ "What are you going to do about it" is very often a pert expression of the Tribune, to show its contempt for public justice and private rights. One Connecticut Republican becomingly answers the Tribune's query as follows:

"But in view of the fact that we are to have negro suffrage upon us, by such means as we have seen used in Georgia and some other States, I for one say to the Tribune's taunt, I mean to vote this spring, and if I am not mistaken, my vote shall tell against those who have done this job.

A REPUBLICAN.

HARTFORD, March 8, 1870.

Chief Justice Chase and the next Presidency.

In closing a lecture recently made before the Democratic Association of Philadelphia, Mr. John Campbell, the somewhat noted Bookseller and Labor Reformer in that city, uttered the following sentences:

How shall the Democracy poll, on next Presidential election day, a majority of this vote? How shall we bridge the chasm that separates the negro vote from us? There is only one architect that can build this bridge—there is only one man who can poll this vote—and that man is Salmon P. Chase!

With this the lecture was concluded amidst great applause.

Education.

We have received a copy of the report of the State Teachers' Association, on a system of public schools for the State of Georgia. We have to thank Mr. B. Mallon, the Secretary of the Association, for the pamphlet. Mr. Orr is said to be the author.

The plan recommended is noticeable for its simplicity, the predominance of the local element in the management and control of the schools, the provision made for thinly populated counties, and to the separate arrangement for whites and blacks.

We will give the outlines of the plan, reserving comment for another time:

The appointment of a State Commissioner and Board of Education is recommended. The Commissioner is to superintend, collect statistics, provide blanks, decide points of difficulty connected with the school laws, and make annual reports.

Each county is to have a Board and a Commissioner. They are to lay off the counties into school districts, locate school buildings, make out estimates, etc.

The county Commissioner is to perform the same range of duties as State Commissioner, only in a local way.

The county Commissioners in a Senatorial District, are a Board of Examiners, to examine teachers.

In sparsely populated counties the schools should be migrating.

The providing of school houses is to be left to the people.

Each school district is to have five trustees, who are to manage the domestic concerns of the school.

The whites and blacks are to have separate schools.

Normal schools for educating teachers are recommended.

The Constitution sets apart for school purposes the poll tax, commutations of military service, and the special tax on shows, exhibitions, and the sale of spirituous and malt liquors. The poll tax itself must amount to $200,000, if collected. The other taxes would raise the revenue to $500,000.

School districts every six miles square would give 1,447, or $15 to each.

Let the counties tax for education. Appropriate the whole colored tax and an equal amount for the colored people.

These are the bare outlines of the plan, which, in the main, seem good.

Any one desiring a copy of the report can get it by applying to Mr. B. Mallon Savannah.

We hope our people will look into the matter, and give the benefit of their thoughts to the Association.

CHATTANOOGA.

The New Constitution—Buoyant Business—Cincinnati Road Don't Hurt—The Skating Rink—Fun and Frolic, etc.

Editor Constitution: Affairs in our little burgh have suffered very little from the news of the defeat of our pet railroad scheme. As expected, Louisville, Nashville and Knoxville are jubilant, and the papers of those respective places do much toward creating this exultant feeling. Let them rest assured, however, that Cincinnati is not done with the matter yet, and now that the Kentucky Legislature, urged on by that first class monopoly, the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and other equally selfish, but not as powerful, monopolies, has refused the right of way through that Commonwealth, in the language of the facetious, but honest Teuton, "Some tings must be done."

THE NEW CONSTITUTION,

Which is to be voted on, the 26th prox., is little discussed here. The fact is, it has become almost entirely a party question all over the State, to this effect—that in its adoption the Radical party in this State will receive a blow more stunning than that of last August, when the Conservatives elected Lester and the present Legislature, and hoisted many of the "truly loil" from their fat positions, in various departments of the State Government. So, as a matter of course, they will use their best endeavors to prevent the success of the amended Constitution; as in that event, many of the onerous and oppressive laws forced upon us for the last five years, will receive their death blows.

Next to the biggest thing on ice is the

ROLLER SKATING.

Nearly everybody has it badly. The little, the old, the grave, the gay, male and female, seem to have a perfect mania for skating on rollers. The terrible windstorm that visited us last Saturday night was one long to be remembered by the party assembled at the rink that night. About nine in the evening it was at its height, and just as the excitement was its highest, a very heavy rumbling sound was heard, supposed by many to be the distant rumblings of thunder. But too soon were they awakened to a realization of what it really was, namely: the unroofing of the rink. It needed but a moment for the timid and gay crowd to understand that the tin was being rolled back in great masses, and such consternation as was then and there witnessed defies your correspondent's pen.

The masses broke for the seats and dressing rooms, to relieve themselves of their skates, which seemed to clog their heels, and weigh them down like heavy weights. All pell mell, trying to put some one to assist them in getting out of the building; while a few, forgetting the danger to life and limb, rushed down two flights of stairs, nor lingered they around the door after getting out, but made as good headway as you can well imagine, far from those late frightful scenes.

Fortunately no one was seriously hurt, but there were some of the worst scared fellows you ever saw. Col. G., one of the proprietors of the rink, assured the ladies, in his blandest tones, there was no danger, while several heavy heads of curls and chignons were in close proximity to his manly breast. He kept several from fainting.

One lady had a terrible heart-besting, and told her gallant so, but he, in his haste to recover her skates, (both on the floor,) was unable to ascertain whether she was in earnest, or only imagined so to a certain extent. Many other things occurred, too numerous to mention this time. The last seen of your correspondent, after the melee, he was wiping his weeping eyes with a copy of THE CONSTITUTION—not over new one—one very interesting and consoling at times. Au revoir. JASCO.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Bullock Won't Bet on Success—The House Blows Bubbles of Eloquence—What Congress has Done—Coburn is Got—The Atlanta Slander Mill—Personal—Tennessee—Mere Mention.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 12, 1870.

Another lull in the Radical tempest—The Senate adjourned over till Monday—Georgia given a breathing spell—Bullock, Blodgett & Co. on the anxious seat—They profess to be sure of the rejection of Bingham's amendment, but won't bet on it—The House amusing itself by blowing soap bubbles of eloquence.

Such would be the caption I would prefix to a Washington telegram of this date were I the night editor of THE CONSTITUTION and some one else the Washington correspondent. But having placed these sentences down, I find that I have exhausted myself. The head-lines tell all that there is to be told, and, like the knife-grinder, I have no story to tell.

Georgia was to have been disposed of in the Senate to-day, but the Senatorial intellect had become exhausted over the funding bill and Sumner's financial speeches, and so a recess was taken until Monday, when the Radical blood-hounds, instigated by Bullock and Butler, will fly at the throat of defenseless Georgia and strangle her if possible. But though defenseless, she is not altogether friendless, even in a Radical Senate, and I hope and trust her friends may yet prevail.

WHAT CONGRESS HAS DONE.

Not much, you may be sure. Something has been done this week, however. The Senate has passed the funding bill, without any of Charles Sumner's impracticable amendments, but it will vex the house for many a day to come.

General Logan's bill for reducing the army in numbers and in pay, some thirty-three and one-third per cent., went through the House with a rush that surprised every one. It will meet with strong opposition in the Senate.

The Air Line Railway bill, which proposes to take from the States of the Union another of their vested rights, has been up several times in the House, and laid over. A vote upon it will be reached next week. A strong lobby of railroad men will contest its passage, but they are reserving their strength for defeating the bill in the Senate.

It is confidently asserted that the railroad men and the national banks have virtually full control of Congress, and can mould legislation as they will.

But slow progress is making with the tariff bill.

At the request of the President, the deficiency appropriation bill was taken up yesterday, which led to an onslaught upon the administration by Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, who exposed the extravagance which existed in every official quarter, and at the same time, took Mr. Dawes to task for the opposite statements he had made in the House and on the stump in New Hampshire.

Mr. Cox, of New York, followed in the same vein.

In replying, Mr. Dawes quoted from the two speeches referred to to show there was no conflict, and said he was as ready now as ever to search out every error, and bring the Government to strict principles of economy.

So closes the Congressional record of the week.

RETRIBUTIVE JUSTICE.

When the House does meet on Saturday, there is no business done; there are seldom more than a couple of dozen members present, and the session is occupied with reading prosy and long winded speeches on every imaginable subject, except those of practical interest. Yesterday, when a motion was made to adjourn over till Monday, Mr. Coburn objected, and said there were many members who wanted to speak, and proposed a session on Saturday as Committee of the Whole, for debate only. His motion was adopted, and the Speaker said Mr. Coburn would preside as in Committee of the Whole, he (Mr. C.) having suggested the session for debate. This announcement caused a general smile. So Mr. Coburn, who wanted to shoot off some pyrotechnical eloquence of his own, has had to sit in the Speaker's chair all the afternoon, and listen to the prosy speeches of his brother members. This sort of punishment is likely to cut off buncombe sessions on Saturdays; for ambitious orators will henceforth be cautious how they expose themselves to being pilloried in the Speaker's chair, as a target for Congressional drivel and platitudes.

THE ATLANTA SLANDER MILL

Must be in full operation, judging from the special telegrams which appear in Forney's Chronicle, under date of Atlanta. It is surmised that the branch concern here touches up these "specials," and on some occasions manufacture them out of whole cloth. Bullock is even charged with writing anonymous letters to himself. His defiance of the Ku-Klux is regarded as worthy of Bombastes Furioso.

TWO BUSY B's.

I have made mention before of Bullock's lobbying in the Senate. The World's correspondent says:

"The lobbying in order to carry out Bullock's schemes on the George Bill was renewed on the Senate floor to-day (Thursday). Butler was observed conferring with Stewart, while Bullock and Spencer, the prince of carpet-baggers, were poised on a sofa in loving discourse. Respectable Republicans feel that the presence of Bullock in the Senate is a great stigma upon their party. Foster Blodgett was aiding Bullock. *Physiognomy lecres nothing whatever to be guessed at in the character of either.*

Blodgett has not enquired after "Argus" lately, who feels very much slighted in consequence.

TREASURER ANGIER

Has returned home, feeling confident that all is safe, and that the Senate will pass the Georgia Bill with Bingham's Amendment.

BRYANT AND BOWLES

Remain, and propose to fight it out to the end.

THE RECONSTRUCTION OF TENNESSEE.

Gen. Butler has prepared his bill for the reconstruction of Tennessee, and has submitted it to the Congressional delegation from that State. It is approved by all save Representatives Hankins. The bill declares the election of Senter null and void, because of alleged frauds in the registration, and orders a new registration and a new election. It does not propose further interference with the State Government or the turning over of the State to the military.

MERE MENTION.

Mrs. Bowers has only been able to play on three nights of her engagement this week on account of severe illness.

The "Violets of the Stage," Blanche and Ella Chapman, have drawn crowded houses at Wells' Opera House, during the past week.

John E. Owens commences an engagement at the National Theatre, Monday evening next.

Truly loyal papers are trying to get up a sensation by stating that a lunatic has attempted to assassinate Grant. It's all a mistake. The fool-killer has not come round yet.

Foster Blodgett don't like

ARGUS.

HARD TO PLEASE.—One of the strong points in the petition from the Georgia negroes, recently presented to the Senate by Revels, was that they are not allowed to vote freely. Some of them voted as many as ten times at the election, and would have

BUTLER ON GEORGIA.

He Admits That the Georgia Bill Without Bingham's Amendment Does not Prolong Bullock's Term.

In the debate in the House on the Georgia bill, last Friday, Butler made the following remarkable admission. It should be remembered that he intended offering an amendment to prolong Bullock's term, but did not do it. We quote from the Congressional Globe:

I have been quoted as saying that this bill changed the tenure of office in the State of Georgia. It was said all over the House. Every Republican, especially every one that was thought to be a little doubtful, has been seen and button-holed and tampered with, and had this mis-statement whispered into his ear, as the devil whispered into the ear of Eve. I said before the words following upon this topic: "This brings me to what is the great objection to this bill, as stated by the gentleman from Ohio, [Mr. Bingham.] That gentleman states that by passing this bill we prolong the tenure of every legislative, executive, and judicial officer of the State of Georgia. Now, there is not a word concerning the executive and judicial officers of the State of Georgia in this bill. Yet it is objected that if we pass the bill these will be continued in office."

I should be very glad if this were done, and here boldly avow that I offered my amendment for the purpose of so providing. I should be glad to have a law passed by which those colored men, who were wrongfully, murderously, feloniously, and treacherously driven from their places, should be put back for two years, and the traitorous felons should not get the advantage by virtue of their own wrong. There are some of these loyal legislators who never will take their seats in the Legislature again. By violent deaths they have gone to a brighter and better world. I would give no aid and comfort to this little rebellion, this embryo rebellion in the State of Georgia. I will not be an accessory neither before nor after the fact of the rebellion by turning out these legislators now. It was with that view that I offered my amendment. I drew it for the purpose of settling all doubts on this subject. But I consulted a number of good, clear-headed, and just-minded men of my own party, and they said to me, "Why interfere in the matters of the State of Georgia and her constitutional rights any further than is necessary? Why bring up the question of offices and the tenure thereof, though it may be technically and abstractly right and just? Why raise that question? *Leave it to the Courts in Georgia to say what is the law of Georgia as to elections and tenure of office.* Say nothing about it in the bill. Leave your bill as you reported it from the committee—not a word more or less than in the Virginia bill or in the Mississippi bill. If you put amendment upon it the House will stultify itself if it goes back upon its former action."

And yielding to the opinions of those whom I respect and love; yielding my opinions, as I always will yield them and always do to those good and true men around me, I withdrew the amendment, and the bill stands now without having any effect upon the Constitution of Georgia in regard to the terms of office or the length of the terms of office. There is nothing in the bill to lengthen the term, nothing to shorten it.

Mr. Speaker, I was still more inclined to agree to it because in the meantime I got the report of the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and they say that no further legislation is needed to affect this question of the tenure of offices in Georgia. With your leave I will send to the Clerk to be read what the Committee of the Senate say upon that question. You will find it upon the eleventh page.

The Clerk read as follows:

"And inasmuch as it appears certain that the term of office of the members of the Georgia Legislature and of its State Government will expire at the same time that it would have done had the State been fully restored to its place in the Union in July, 1868, and do not commence or run from the date of her future admission to representation, and that without reference to what might be the legal or literal construction of the last clause of the second subdivision of the first section of the third article of the Constitution of Georgia, in the following words: 'The General Assembly may by law change the time of election, and the members shall hold until their successors are elected and qualified.'"

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts. You will see, therefore, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that the Senate Committee agree with me, or rather, after examination, I agreed with them, that no legislation which we could pass here simply admitting Georgia would affect the terms of the officers in Georgia. Acting upon that opinion, I withdrew the amendment; and the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Bingham) proposes to put in an amendment to alter the term of office provided by the Constitution of Georgia for her own State officers.

Radicalism Drunk.

PROPOSED EXPULSION OF SENATOR YATES.

[Washington ("Mack") Correspondence Cincinnati Enquirer.]

I alluded recently to a threat of the expulsion of Dick Yates from the Senate, because that able and loyal gentlemen had converted himself into a walking Tice-meter, to the infinite disgust of his associates, who have nearly all joined Wilson's temperance society. Dick was a little frightened at first, and his mental agitation brought on a violent attack of sobriety, which at first threatened a dangerous termination. While suffering under it he was able to make a speech in the Senate on the subject of State rights, in the course of which he assured the Globe reporters, who were his only attentive listeners, (as is generally the case with Senatorial orators,) that when Jefferson Davis left the Senate and went into rebellion every vestige of State rights disappeared. It takes Dick in one of his sprees to make a brilliant speech of this kind. But the misfortune of the thing is that he got so enthusiastic over his own performance, and felt so assured that he had utterly annihilated nullification and Calhounism, and all other sources of danger to the republic, that he felt warranted in converting himself into a Tice-meter again, and in this capacity he is now serving his State and the country. So the threats for his expulsion are revived, with decided indications of their being carried into effect. It would be sad to see the political career of this loyal Governor come to so sad a wind-up. Yet there seems to be no help for it. The feeling against walking Tice-meters is getting to be very strong in the Senate, and Richard bids fair to be the first victim.

The Infallibility Dogma.

LONDON, March 11.—The evening edition of the Times, to-day, gives the following from the Roman frontier: "On Monday a *schema* on infallibility was distributed to the members of the council. It asserts that the Church possesses supreme and complete supremacy, and that the principality owns the Universal Church was received with plenitude of power of the Lord himself by St. Peter, of whom the Pontiff is the successor. All questions of faith must be determined under that power, else the words of the Lord and the Rite would be disregarded. This is proved by results. In the Apostolic See, Catholic and Immaculate, the doctrine has always been fully maintained, consequently we inculcate with the concurrence of the Council, and define as a dogma of faith that, thanks to divine assistance, the Roman Pontiff, of whom it is said in the person of Peter by Christ, I have prayed for all, cannot err when acting as Supreme Teacher of all Christians. The scheme defines what the Church must hold in faith and morals, and that the prerogative of the Papal infallibility over the same matters to which the infallibility of the Church is applicable. If any should dare, which God forbid, to controvert the present definition, let him know that he departs from the true faith.

SPENCER.—When little Sutler-Spencer, now United States Senator, so-called, reached Montgomery, in 1867, to attend the Radical political conclave which slayed Dick Busteed, the porter at the Exchange asked him: "Shall I carry your luggage to your room, sir?" To which the Sutler, gracefully removing his hat, exhibited that sanitary collar to the darkey's bewildered gaze, and replied: "Thank you, I carry it myself."

☞ The Ladies don't object to a tight squeeze, if given by a corset or a nice pair of

BY TELEGRAPH.

Revels' Speech Against Bingham's Amendment.

Morton as Bullock's Attorney.

The Friends of Georgia Encouraged.

[Special Telegraphic Cor. of The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—An immense crowd of whites and blacks was in the Senate galleries to hear Revels' speech against the Bingham Amendment.

He was complimented by Morton, who said the Senate, instead of losing by the absence of Jefferson Davis, had gained in patriotism and loyalty.

Morton spoke as Bullock's attorney.

Questions from Carpenter and Conkling, indicated that they side with Edmonds and Trumbull. This encourages the friends of Georgia. ARGUS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Revenue receipts to-day quarter of a million.

One hundred men of the 18th Infantry passed here for Atlanta.

The vote in the Senate Committee adverse to the acquisition of San Domingo is not considered fatal to the treaty. Several Senators, who are understood to be opposed to it, have give the President assurances that they would support the treaty.

In the Butler, Tenn., Cadet corruption matter, there are two reports from the Military Committee: Four for suspension and four for expulsion. The temper of the House seems to be in favor of expulsion.

A yellow delegation from Georgia visited the President and asked him to use his influence to defeat Bingham's amendment, and urged him to procure suitable legislation for the protection of the colored people of Georgia. They ignore the Bryant faction. Their speeches were written, and boisterousness characterized their delivery.

The President replied in effect that he would protect the people in all the States, but thought special legislation might be necessary for the Southern States, owing to the unsettled condition, arising from the war.

Boutwell favors the continuation of Delano, and the Committee on Ways and Means' modification of the income tax.

David M. Stone, President of the New York Associated Press, telegraphs to England, offering $500 reward for the author of the City of Boston hoax.

The President's uniform answer to delegations from Georgia and Tennessee for troops is, "No doubt of his right to station troops at pleasure, and give disaffected districts the benefit of soldiers' presence, but doubts how far soldiers could be used in aid of the civil authorities."

He will take legal advice in every instance.

Sickles was confirmed to Mexico.

The Territorial Committee of the Senate report in favor of tabling Potts' nomination for the Montana Governorship.

The effect of this action, under the tenure-of-office law, retains the impeachment of Ashley.

The House Committee on Foreign Relations have had no meeting this week.

In the Senate, Wilson presented a memorial from the negro slaves of the Chickasaw and Choctaw Indians, claiming their freedom.

The Georgia bill was resumed, but no action taken. The debate will be prolonged.

In the House, the deficiency appropriation bill was passed. Sheldon's resolution was to sell the mint and marine hospital, but not the custom house at New Orleans.

The report on Butler's cadet corruption was ordered printed.

Tariff resumed. Adjourned.

PROVIDENCE, March 16.—The monitor Terror, from Boston for New York, was towed in to Newport.

HARTFORD, March 16.—Gen. James W. Ripley is dead.

SAVANNAH, March 16.—The steamship Oriental and schooner Sarah R. Thomas collided near Venus Point. Both vessels are in dock.

RICHMOND, March 16.—Henry K. Ellison, of the Richmond Dispatch, was to-night elected by the Council, Mayor of the city.

In Petersburg, the Council elected General Newberry, late Union General, Mayor of that city.

Among the Councilmen appointed for Petersburg by Governor Walker, are two colored men.

LONDON, March 16.—The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The American accounts of the Oneida disaster are not only inconsistent with each other, but inconsistent with the facts and even with possibility."

Theatrical.

Dumestre and Miss Kate Reeynolds ar in New Orleans. Charlotte Thompson plays in Mobile. Mrs. Scott Siddons has tragedied in Memphis.

Miss Fanny B. Price is in Vicksburg.

Miss Lucille Weston Frou-Frous in St. Louis.

Miss Leena Cavender, Diamond Stars it at Cincinnati.

Lingard-Dunning Captain Jinks it at Chicago.

Henry St. Odi is dead.

Feehter wants to play Hamlet to New Orleans.

The Zavistouski Sisters are in California.

Irene Worrell is going to marry.

Maretzek has gone to Europe for Fisk.

Grau has engaged the Italian tragedian, Rossi, for the French theater.

Janauschet has gone to Europe.

J. S. Clarke, the American Comedian, is in succeeding in London.

Bourcicault and his wife have been offered $100,000 for 250 farewell performances in this country.

☞ The Marshal (Texas) Flag relates that a colored minister of the gospel was celebrating the rites between a strapping Sambo and a gushing Dinah, and was peculiarly impressive in his style. In truth he was awfully solemn, and after pronouncing them husband and wife with a voice of the most serious intonation, he repeated with uplifted eyes the following lines:

Here's to the bird that picked the berry,
Remember the limb he picked it from,
Peace at home and peace abroad,
Love your wife and serve the Lord.

At the conclusion of which he pronounced, with peculiar emphasis, an "Amen," and the twain were made one flesh."

☞ Mrs. Reade says: "The 'man with the moustache' only needs a business wife who has capacity enough to comprehend the cost of his wines, cigars and cards, and tact enough to earn or save from her allowance for daily family expenses enough to meet that demand."

☞ The case of Mr. George F. Ayres, of Fauquier, who killed Dr. Oliver, at Charlottsville, in December last, for the seduction of his daughter, was set for trial in Albemarle last Monday, but was postponed till the June term.

New Advertisements.

MATZOS! MATZOS!

THE citizens of Macon, Atlanta, Columbus and Savannah are hereby notified that I, Mark Isaacs, the original Matzos Baker of London, England, have, at the solicitation of my very many friends, commenced BAKING MATZOS strictly in accordance with the Mosaic laws. All orders entrusted to me will meet with prompt attention. Orders from the country packed with care.

Address: MARK ISAACS,
Stubblefield House
Macon, Ga.

Reference by permission: Rev. T. M. Isaacs, New York; Rev. Dr. Lyons, New York; D. Abraham, Esq., President of the Congregation.
mar16-d1w

PERUVIAN GUANO.

WE are just in receipt of a few tons genuine Peruvian Guano, which we will sell at prices corresponding with the decline in Gold. Apply early to

WILLIAMS, LANGSTON & CRANE,
11 and 14 Alabama Street.
March 11, 1870-d6 Atlanta, Ga.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer,

CENTRAL Corner Lots. I will sell on Saturday morning, 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, on the premises, two lots with front on Forsyth street, 50 feet each, and 100 feet deep. Terms favorable. Also 20 yards of City Park, and must be sold without reserve for cash, with undersized title.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
No. 24 Alabama Street.

PLANTING POTATOES.

WE have a choice lot of Early Harrison, Pinkeye, Peerless and Early Goodrich Potatoes, which we will sell low. Call and see us.

WILLIAMS, LANGSTON & CRANE,
11 and 14 Alabama Street.
March 11, 1870-d6 Atlanta, Ga.

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CENTRAL Corner Lots. I will sell on Saturday morning, 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, on the premises, two lots with front on Forsyth street, 50 feet each, and 100 feet deep. Terms favorable. Also 20 yards of City Park, and must be sold without reserve for cash, with undersized title.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
No. 24 Alabama Street.

FIVE ROOM COTTAGE
AND
SIX ACRE LOT,

I WILL sell a bargain on a cold cash basis, in all acre Lot and a House Cottage, with verandah, good well, nice door yard, a large number of choice fruit trees, stable, etc. Lot well enclosed. Just south of Col. L. P. Grant's mansion, near a school, and in a good neighborhood. The situation is high and very beautiful—commanding a fine view of the city. Call at once, I will go and show you the place.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
mar17-d3t No. 24 Alabama Street.

NOTICE.

A RECENT graduate of Princeton College, N. J., Class of 1869, desires the situation of Tutor in a respectable Family, or the Principal Charge of a large Academy. He is a Southern gentleman. Apply to J. P. F., care of G. L. Worth, 29 Market street, Montgomery, Ala., including references and terms of proposal. mar17-d3t

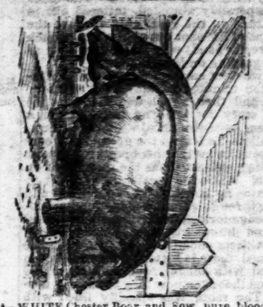
NOTICE.

TOLLED before me, as an estray, on the 15th day of March, 1870, by J. J. Mabry, of the 288th District, G. M., of DeKalb county, Ga., one red brindle cow, about 12 years old, lame in right hind leg, brass nub on left horn, crop in each ear and two slits in right ear. Appraised by W. L. Williams and J. M. Johnson, freeholders of said district, to be worth six dollars, and that it is worth 25 cents per day to keep her.

The owner is hereby notified to appear before me, prove property, pay costs and expenses and take her away, or she will be sold on the premises of said J. J. Mabry, about 6 miles south of Decatur, on Friday, the 25th day of March, 1870.

J. L. WILSON, Ordinary.
mar17-d14w1t Printers fee $3

FOR SALE.



A WHITE Chester Boar and Sow, pure blood, not akin, 8 months old, will be sold at reasonable figures by early application to the undersigned. Will have them on Broad street, in front of Atlanta Engine House, on Wednesday next.

W. C. WHITMIRE,
mar17-dec3t Franklin Printing House.

LANDSBERG'S LUMBER YARD,

Opposite Georgia Railroad Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

SAWED SHINGLES

LATHS,

Sash, Doors & Blinds.

mar17

Special Notices.

☞ PUT YOUR HOUSE IN ORDER. This is a most desirable object in a practical, scriptural and medical sense—by attending to the latter, the two former can be achieved.

Tone the stomach, that your digestion may be perfect: rouse and stimulate the torpid liver, that your complexion may be clear, your appetite good, and your eyes lustrous and intelligent; regulate the bowels and keep them up to a healthy standard; brace up your weakened nerves, that you may no longer be nervous or hysterical; improve your general health that you may be enabled to go through life rejoicing.

The great remedy to bring about this desirable end, is the medicated compound that is universally used: Solomons' Bitters. mar16-d1w

☞ ABOUT GUANO.—THE PUBLIC are notified that Mark W. Johnson, Esq., is my only Agent in Atlanta for the sale of my GENUINE IMPORTED PACIFIC GUANO, which has been known so long to the farming public as one of the most VALUABLE GUANOS in use. It is not the article manufactured by Reese & Co., at Charleston, called the Soluble Pacific, but it is the GENUINE IMPORTED PACIFIC GUANO, and none is genuine unless branded "SAREY'S AMMONIATED SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO." Price same as heretofore, $70 per ton. JOHN B. SAREY,
Proprietor.

My trade has been immense this season for this valuable Guano, and I have 50 tons more just arriving which parties can get by ordering soon. I have also just received a small lot of that precious article, the GENUINE Peruvian Guano, which is for sale in limited quantities at lowest market price. MARK W. JOHNSON,
mar12 d1f Guano Merchant,
Broad street.

☞ JUST OUT.—CHERRY PECTORAL Troches, superior to all others for Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Hoarseness. None so pleasant. None cure so quick.

Manufactured by RUSHTON & CO., Astor House, New York.

No more of those horrible tasted, nauseating Brown Cubeb things. jan7-d&w3m

☞ MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD. Essays for Young Men, on the passional attraction of the sexes, and the happiness of TRUE MARRIAGE, when perfect manhood and perfect womanhood unite to consecrate the Union. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. Jan30—d&w3m

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.
NEW YORK DRAMATIC TROUPE.
J. CLINTON HALL.....PROPRIETOR.
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY
BENEFIT
TENDERED TO
J. CLINTON HALL.
POSITIVELY THE LAST APPEARANCE
—OF THIS—
POPULAR AND EFFICIENT TROUPE.
Thursday Evening, March 17, 1870.
Will be presented for the LAST TIME the greatest Sensation of the Day, entitled
Rosedale; or, The Rifle Ball.
For particulars see programmes of the day. Reserved seats may be secured, without extra charge, at Phillips & Crew's, Booksellers and Stationers.
Dress Circle and Parquette $1 00; Family Circle 75 Cents; Gallery 50 Cents.
mar17-d1t J. G. SHAW, Agent

ROLLER SKATING.
CLARK'S CITY BAND
In Attendance Every Night.

THE Skating Rink will open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings from 7 to 10 o'clock. Monday, Wednesday and Friday Afternoons, from 2 to 5 o'clock. Every Saturday from 9 to 12 o'clock. Teachers will be in attendance during the day and evening to teach graceful skating to ladies and gentlemen. Admission fee for Ladies and Children to morning and afternoon sessions, 25 cents.

Rink over Glenn & Wright's, corner Forsyth and Railroad.

SEASON TICKETS.

Gents' Ticket One Month, including use of Skates.....$5 00
Ladys Ticket, One Month, including use of Skates.....5 00
Gents' and Ladys' Ticket, One Month, including use of Skates.....7 50
Children's Ticket, One Month, including use of Skates.....3 00
Single Admission.....50 Cts
Use of Skates.....25 Cts
Tickets in Packages of Twelve.....$5 00
Tickets in Packages of Twenty.....$8 00
Tickets sold at Phillips & Crew's, Rushton & Fort's, and the principal Hotels. Rink 4tf

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S
Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,
Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated
Smith's Tonic Syrup,
FOR THE CURE OF
AGUE AND FEVER,
—OR—
Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public, for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case where we will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially is difficult and long-standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:
No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,
Louisville, Kentucky

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most remarkable communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

VILLANOW, Walker County, Ga., June 29, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon reasonable terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D's, but I see no just cause for good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that privilege. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACKS, Mo., April 30 1868.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparrilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that this is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.

Capt. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 2, 1868, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. It cured him. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully JOHNSON

BULL'S CHORON BITTERS.

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENT.
ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.
Testimony of Medical Men

STONEY POINT, White Co., Ark., May 31, 1868.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville and purchased of you some bottles of your Sarsaparilla and Choron Bitters.

My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, had been down with rheumatism for three days, and could not get about, and soon found his personal services useful.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—has improved very much by the use of your Bitters. In fact, your Choron Bitters has given the most satisfactory in this settlement.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—has improved very much by the use of your Bitters. In fact, your Choron Bitters has given the most satisfactory in this settlement. I am myself a victim of dyspepsia of many years' standing, and have used many of your Bitters and Sarsaparilla, and find relief from their use. I have sold a large number of the Sarsaparilla, some have used it, and all speak highly of it.

Respectfully, C. B. WALKER.

All the above remedies for sale by

L. H. BRADFIELD,
DRUGGIST,
WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GEORGIA
mar17-dtuthsatly

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN W. FLYNN, Atlanta. [illegible]

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT
Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

100 barrels Pink Eye Potatoes,	30 barrels Old Rye Whisky,
100 barrels Russett Potatoes,	50 barrels Pure Corn Whisky,
50 barrels Early Goodrich Potatoes,	10 barrels Virginia Apple Brandy,
5,000 bushels White Corn,	25 bags Rio Coffee,
4,000 bushels Oats (arriving.)	25 bales Cotton Yarns,
3 0 barrels Choice Flour (

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MARCH 17.

Index to New Advertisements.

Two Central Vacant Lots—G. W. Adair.
Estray Notice—J. L. Wilson.
Five Room Cottage and Six Acre Lot—G. W. Adair.
Rosedale or the Rifle Ball—At De Give's Opera House.
Chester Boar and Sow for Sale—W. C. Whitmire.
Matzos! Matzos!—Mark Isaacs.
Peruvian Guano—Williams, Langston & Crane.
Planting Potatoes—Williams, Langston & Crane.

A CHANCE FOR EGG-EATERS.—One thousand dozen eggs have arrived at Chattanooga Our Forsyth street friends will note the fact!

SEWERS.—The city is laying down a sewer on Peachtree street, in front of the National Hotel.

A TIMELY PRESENT.—We are indebted to Messrs. Lawshe & Haynes for a timely present in the shape of a fine clock for our room.

FALSE ALARM.—A false alarm of fire was sounded last night, about 8 o'clock, caused by the burning out of the smoke stack of the engine at the Opera House.

COLD WEATHER.—Yesterday was cold, but bright and beautiful. Pleasant weather may be expected to-day, and rain between to-night and Sunday.

GRAND BALL.—The Hibernian Benevolent Society give a grand ball to-night. As usual it will draw a crowded house.

DELAYED.—The trains on the State Road were delayed, we learn, in consequence of a lumber train running off two miles above Tilton, on Tuesday night, and wrecking an engine across the track. The road was cleared yesterday evening, and the trains went out on time. "Nobody hurt."

COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT.—To-night is set apart as a Grand Complimentary Benefit to J. Clinton Hall, Manager of the New York Dramatic Troupe, Rosedale, or the Rifle Ball, will be presented for the last time. Let it be a GRAND Complimentary Benefit in truth and fact. Let every seat be filled to-night.

NEW RAILROAD.—We learn that the Stone Mountain Granite Company contemplate building a road around the base of the mountain, with the design of easily transporting granite from the quarries, and allow excursion parties to make the circuit. They have recently erected some of the finest derricks in the South.

MARIETTA.—There is not a lovelier or healthier city in Upper Georgia than Marietta. We are pleased to notice its growing popularity and thrift. The Female College has proved a brilliant success under Rev. W. A. Rogers, and the people seemed imbued with a live, go-ahead spirit.

"THE STREETS OF NEW YORK."—The New York Dramatic Troup presented "the streets of New York, or the Panic of 1837 57," last night to an appreciative and delighted audience, in their inimitable style. This is an excellent troupe, deserving success, and we hope that this is not the last time that they will favor an Atlanta audience with their fine acting.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hon. *John Erskine, Judge.*—In the case of Inman vs. Scago, the jury yesterday returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for principal and interest.

R. H. Brown was admitted to the bar.

The case of the Ordinary of Morgan county vs. Banks, administrator, and Oglesby and Reed securities, was taken up and heard until adjournment. Judge Pope appears for the plaintiff and Colonel Hopkins for defendant. The Court has two sessions—from 10 until 1, and from 2:30 until 5 o'clock P. M.

BUSY.—Our lumber dealers, Landsberg, Rice & Mitchell, and Murphy, have to stir themselves to supply the demand for lumber and building materials. They have been forced to build a saw mill apiece to assist them in their effort. Mr. Landsberg has a large and commodious yard near the Georgia Railroad freight depot (at the old Washington Hall corner) filled with lumber of all descriptions, and his office is jammed all the time with hungry applicants for lumber. The same can be said of Rice & Mitchell, and of Anthony Murphy. Atlanta is the base of lumber supplies, and building material (even buildings made and ready for putting up) are shipped to distant parts of the State. The demand, instead of diminishing, is on the increase.

A MAGNIFICENT PRESENT.—The Young Men's Library Association, of this city, have received fifteen volumes of the "London Art Journal," intrinsically worth $225, contributed by the following gentlemen:

Col Logan E Bleckley,	Atlanta,
Maj Wm B Cox,	"
Lewis G Crawford,	"
Col Hd N Broyles,	"
Gilbert H Sneed,	"
Robt B Lawhon,	"
Charlie M Goodman,	"
Alton Angier,	"
Judge Sam'l B Hoyt,	"
Prof Wm L Hensler,	"
John W Pierce,	"
Geo C Cochran,	Mississippi,
Howard W Hunter,	Kentucky,
Hal Hunter,	"
Brainard Smith,	"
Darwin G Jones,	Directors.
M H Sisson,	
Wm Garrett Newman,	
Jos R Simmons,	
Charlie Herbst,	

The fifteen volumes were secured for $100, in Chicago, and are a valuable addition to the Library.

SUPREME COURT—*Evening Session.*—March 15, 1870.—Argument was resumed and concluded in No. 9, Western Circuit.

No. 3 was dismissed for want of prosecution. It is John J. Sheppard, et al., vs. James Anderson. Equity. From Burke.

J. B. & M. V. Estes for plaintiff in error.

C. P. Summons, by Hillyer & Bro., for defendant.

No. 4 was withdrawn. It is James A. Patillo vs. Early M. Chandler, executor. Complaint. From Gwinnett.

Walker & McDaniel, J. U. Glenn for plaintiff in error.

Hutchins & McMillan, S. P. Thurmond for defendant.

No. 5 is W. R. Venable vs Wm. J. Eoon, administrator. Motion to establish lost note. From Gwinnett.

Hillyer & Bro., J. U. Glenn, for plaintiff in error.

T. M. Peeples for defendant.

No. 6 was dismissed for want of prosecution. It is Philip Terrell vs. J. T. Walker. Complaint From Jackson.

W. L. Marler, W. J. Dike, Silman & Howard, by Hillyer & Bro., for defendant.

The Northern Circuit being reached, and the bar of that Circuit not having all arrived, by consent, No. 7 was called up. It is James C. Sims vs. Simpson H. Cox. Complaint. From Oglethorpe

W. J. Johnson for plaintiff in error.

R. Toombs, Mathews & Reed, A. T. Akerman for defendant.

Pending the opening argument, court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 15, 1870.

Mr. Clinton Hall—DEAR SIR: So much pleased were we with the performance of your Company on Monday last, in the rendition of "Rosedale," and, in consequence of the inclemency of the weather, but few of our citizens had the pleasure of witnessing it, we, therefore, desire to tender you a complimentary benefit on to-morrow evening, with the request that "Rosedale" be repeated on that occasion.

Respectfully, etc.,

J H Steele,	W F Westmoreland,
B B Crew,	W H Hancock,
A Fox,	G G Crawford,
M L Walker,	W P Lowe,
W C Morris,	Lewis Schofield,
Chas Pinckney,	W G Irwin,
J F Alexander,	O A Lochrane,
W L Hubbard,	G W Jack,
R S Ray,	E M Berry,
J Thompson, Jr.	Miles Turp in,
W M Williams,	I W Avery,
Jas Williams,	L L Glenn,
J F Chisolm,	J A Taylor,
Warren Jordan,	A B Watson,
L E Bleckley,	T B Palmer,
Berry Banks,	J M Johnson,

To Messrs. J. H. Steele, W. A. Lochrane, W. F. Westmoreland, L. J. Glenn, J. F. Alexander, and others—GENTLEMEN: I beg to acknowledge your complimentary, and I, with a feeling of deep gratitude and pride for the honor conferred upon me, hold same, in accordance with your wishes, this evening, March 15th, as the occasion for the Benefit Especiale" to constitute the evening's

Yours, respectfully,

J. CLINTON HALL,
Dramatic Troupe.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA, 10 o'CLOCK, P. M., March 16.

The market was active at unchanged quotations this afternoon.

COTTON STATEMENT.

MASON, March 13.

Receipts to date	74,056
Shipped to date	69,070
Stock on hand	15,456

NEW ORLEANS, March 13.

Receipts, Cotton to date	204,222
Shipments, Cotton, to date	207,000
Stock on hand	226,614
Received at all ports to date	3,122,676
Exported to foreign ports	1,184,280
Shipped to Northern ports to date	920,456
Stock on hand	565,140

STOCKS AT INTERIOR TOWNS, MARCH 11.

Augusta, Ga	25,972
Columbus, Ga	12,000
Macon, Ga	13,700
Montgomery, Ala	11,647
Selma, Ala	5,500
Memphis, Tenn	27,000
Nashville, Tenn	5,200

Interior stocks increased last week over 1,800 bales, and are in excess some 13,325 over same period of last year.

GENERAL MARKETS

KNOXVILLE, March 14.

The produce trade has been quiet. The same causes that have paralyzed this branch of business still exist, and until something is done to relieve it we can not look for an active market.

A large covered barge, from Noe's Ferry, Grainger county, arrived on Saturday, in charge of Capt. Spencer Jarnagin, of Rutledge. The barge is loaded with 1,000 bushels of corn; 8,000 pounds of bacon; 1,000 pounds of lard; 1,500 pounds of maple sugar, and 1,000 dozen eggs; bound for Chattanooga.

WHEAT—Some little inquiry from Southern millers, but at low prices. Prime white 1 15a1 20; red 1 00a1 10.

CORN—But little loose offering. Dealers are filling orders at 97½a1 00, sacked on board cars; loose from the country, 87 1-2 a90.

OATS—Receipts light; prime black for seed is wanted, 55a60.

BACON—Heavy. Hog round, well smoked, 13a14; clear sides, 15 1-2. But few sales.

HAY—Demand quiet, with stock full. Prime Timothy and Herds Grass, baled, 1 25, loose; by wagon load 1 00a1 15.

NEW ORLEANS, March 12.

SUGAR—The receipts this morning embraced about 200 hhds. The market is quiet, with a moderate demand at previous prices. Inferior 8; 8¼a9 for common; 9¼a10 for fair; 10¾a11¾ for good fair to fully fair; 12 for prime; 12¾a12¾ for choice; 13 for yellow clarified, and 14a14¼ for white sugar. Week's sales 900 hhds. Receipts 2,120. Exports 55. Imported from Cuba 508 boxes.

MOLASSES—Some 400 bbls. was received this morning. The demand is only moderate at 40a50 for fermenting. 64a65 for prime not fermenting, and 50a75 for city refinery reboiled. Week's sales 650 bbls. Receipts 1,336. Exports 104.

TOBACCO—Receipts to date 10,133 hogsheads; shipped to date 6,310; stocks on hand 3,823.

BRITISH CORN TRADE.—The Mark Lane Express of February 21, says:

The wintry weather of last week so unexpectedly severe, if for several days somewhat relaxing its hold, has now gone, and the navigation of the Thames is free. As regards the corn this may be all the better for a check, although the want of a covering of snow leaves its effect doubtful. If the season should only moderate by March, and launch us into a genial April, we may yet do well. Holders of live stock, however, are many of them put to their wits for the maintenance of their cattle in good condition, and the plow has done but little. Still, a thorough pulverization of the soil through frost will make a seed-bed for the spring corn. Business for such an event has had very little activity or decision about it, but where sales have been made an advance of 1s per quarter on wheat has been realized.

The onus of extraordinary granary stocks remains, though the bulk of the Mediterranean fleet has been disposed of, and heavy supplies can not now be expected for some time. The weather has hitherto been too fickle to make the continuance of frost in Europe a subject of confidence. No country yet reports any damage to the young wheat, but the ripe plant appears injured in Hungary, and prices have risen in consequence. The worst fears entertained were from the long standing floods, and we must wait to learn their effects. But prices at Pesth have given away about 1s, the consumption not being equal to the necessities of farmers, and exporters seeing no prospects for shipments westward at present rates.

In France the tendency has been upward, with more than 1s advance in some localities, followed by orders to Konigsberg, both for mixed and red wheat. Belgium, also, has hardened as respects values; the German markets have mostly been firm, and Dantzic has no fine new wheat to offer below 40s. cost and freight to London, with very short stocks. New York continues to fluctuate with cable advices, the best spring wheat being worth 36s. 9d. per 480 lbs.

We note that farmers, either through misgiving or necessity, have raised their deliveries, which six weeks ago were only 38,733 qrs. to 64,319 qrs, with the lowest average reached say 14s 9d since October, 1865, when it was 44s 1d, though January of that year commenced with 57s 10d; but the circumstances were wholly different, and this makes the prices now worse than then. For necessity there is certainly no law, but while it is on record that in August, 1867, the averages reached 68s 4d. we leave them to reflect whether this is not losing a good chance.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 16—Evening.—Cotton very firm; sales 3,000 bales at 22a22¼. Flour—State and Western dull and 5a10c lower; Southern dull and declining. Wheat dull, heavy and 1c lower. Corn dull and drooping; new mixed Western 85a96. Pork dull and heavy at 25 75. Lard heavy 14½a15. Whisky 98a98½. Rice, sugar and molasses dull. Coffee quiet. Naval stores quiet. Freights dull.

Money easy at 5a6. Gold steady at 111⅛a12. Governments quiet, steady. Southern firm.

CINCINNATI, March 16.—Corn steady; mixed 74a76; white and yellow 76a80. Whisky 92. Provisions dull at 26 25a26 50. Bacon quiet; shoulders 11; sides 15a15½. Lard —no sales. All quiet and unchanged in every respect.

LOUISVILLE, March 16.—Provisions nominal. Whisky heavy at 92.

ST. LOUIS, March 16.—Corn firmer; mixed 76a78. Whisky heavy at 92. Pork dull at 26 00. Sugar cured hams 18. Lard nominal.

BALTIMORE, March 16.—Cotton in fair demand and firm at 21¾; net receipts 125 bales; coastwise 60 bales; total 185 bales; exports, coastwise, 95 bales; sales 500 bales; stock 4,645 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, March 16.—Cotton market advanced and demand fair; middlings 22a 22¾. Net receipts 2,837 bales; coastwise 172 bales; total receipts 3,008 bales. Exports to continent 8,378 bales; sales 9,000 bales. Stock 235,206 bales.

SAVANNAH, March 16.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 21¾; net receipts 782 bales. Exports coastwise 215 bales; to Great Britain 2,480 bales; sales 800 bales.

CHARLESTON, March 16.—Cotton market quiet; middlings 20¾a21; net receipts 672 bales; exports coastwise 139 bales; sales 200 bales; stock on hand 22,343 bales.

NORFOLK, March 16.—Cotton firm and holders asking 20 for low middlings; net receipts 253 bales; exports coastwise 138 bales; no sales; stock on hand 6,964 bales.

MOBILE, March 16.—Cotton firm with limited demand; middlings 21¾a21¾; receipts 324 bales; exports to New Orleans 73 bales; sales 1,000 bales; stock on hand 72,181 bales.

GALVESTON, March 16.—Cotton in moderate demand and prices firm; good ordinary 18¾a18¾; receipts 485 bales; exports coastwise 8 bales; to Great Britain 4,632 bales; Havre 1,150 bales; sales 850 bales; stock 28,873 bales.

LIVERPOOL, March 16.—Evening—Cotton steady; uplands 10⅞; Orleans 11¼a11½; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales. Breadstuffs firm. Flour 20s.

"GO GET IT."—Our friend Lanadell, the Druggist, puts up a cough mixture under the above title, which, to-day best cough remedy we have ever tried, and we can recommend our readers to "go get it."

"THE DAY WE CELEBRATE."—The sons of Green Erin celebrate St Patrick's day this morning. The programme will be found in another column. Rev. Father Ryan delivers the oration in DeGive's Opera House at half past 11 o'clock.

EVERYBODY should have one of Hanleiter's Memoranda cases, with name gilded on it—$1.00. nov14-dtf

BULLOCK AND BRUTUS.

The Whole Matter a Juggle of the Governor Himself.

Bullock's card, published in yesterday's Chronicle, gives rise to much speculation. It inspires almost every one with disgust and contempt for its author. Some regard it as the last stake of a desperate political gambler; as an attempt to lessen our charges against the moral character of the man which have long been current here as elsewhere; or, as a bid for sympathy, because of alleged unjust prosecution on the part of political opponents.

If Bullock supposes that the Bryant-Caldwell delegation have been instrumental in unearthing the incidents of his private life as weapons to be used against him in a political warfare, he is very much mistaken. They have done no such thing.

An ex-member of Congress, a former townsman of Bullock's, I believe, is responsible for the statements concerning Bullock's past misdeeds, and is ready to substantiate them at any time, if necessary. He says Mrs. —— was never divorced from her husband, and that Mr. —— died but two years ago. I need not speak more plainly. Every one in Georgia will know to what and whom I refer.

A prominent Radical member of the House said yesterday, after reading Bullock's card: "It's one of their d—d lies. They made it up themselves." It would surprise no one here to learn that Bullock *did* write the letter addressed to himself, and signed "Brutus." There are said to be affidavits in existence fastening guilt upon him; and it is now surmised that Bullock has bought these affidavits, and feels safe in challenging investigation. I do not think, however, he has either bettered his fortunes or cleared his reputation by the publication referred to.—*Wash. Cor. Sav. News.*

WM. L. AVERY.

His Statements are Branded as False.

The wicked, lying dispatch of this Radical creature, dated from this city and addressed to Senators at Washington, evidently with the view of influencing the vote on the Georgia bill and thus playing into the hands of Bullock, affords a sample of the requital received by the Southern people from some of those who have been received and treated as gentlemen. Every honest man here knows that, so far as this city and section of the State is concerned, the statements of Avery are the basest fabrications and falsehoods. Never was our community more quiet and free from all political excitement and disorder of every kind. The government officers here will testify to the truth of what we say, and we do not consider it worth our while to waste words on the subject.

And who is this man Avery, who thus moves among us quietly enjoying the protection of our laws and under the cover of the telegraph maligns and slanders them? He is a New Yorker, and the Attorney and the lobbyist of the Brunswick and Albany railroad. We learn he resides in Atlanta, at least he has opened an office there, we suppose, to be convenient to Bullock's Legislature, from whom he and others procured last year by acts best known to themselves, a State endorsement of bonds to the amount of many millions. Conant, the party alluded to in the dispatch, is a Northern contractor on the same road, and instead of paying "millions" for the construction of railroads in Georgia, it is reported that the hands on the road have struck because they were not paid.

Avery arrived in this city *Friday last*, and if he has been treated with the slightest disrespect, we have yet to hear of it. So far as this community is concerned, we have no hesitation in characterizing his statements as wilfully and maliciously false. *Sav. Republican.*

Local and Business Notices.

COL. T. M. ACTON and J. T. HALL, is our only authorized General Traveling Agents, for the DAILY and WEEKLY CONSTITUTION. All contracts made by them will be duly respected. We heartily commend them to the attention of our friends wherever they may travel in behalf of our interest.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

J. B. AVEREA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STANSELL, Warrenton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
WARREN & KEMP, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BEAVERS, Campbellton, Ga.
JAS. T. LAMKIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
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J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
T. J. COX, Gadsden, Ala.
REV. W. J. SCOTT, Acworth.

OYSTERS.—Don't fail this morning to go to Lewis Cook's, Collier Building, and get a can of fresh oysters, direct from Norfolk.

REMARKABLE cures from Equine Remedies.

DRY GOODS.—John Keely takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public, that he has just returned from New York, and is now opening a splendid stock of goods purchased at the lowest figures, since the recent decline in prices took place.

Prices guaranteed as low as the lowest. Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. mh16-d1m

USE Equine Condition Powders.

MAGAZINES, Music, Law Books, etc., bound, and old books re-bound quick and cheap, by Hanleiter. nov14-dtf

For rough coat use Equine Powders.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the prsetitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. feb26-d&w6m

EQUINE Powders make the hair lay smooth.

THE SLIME OF THE RIVER NILE—Is not more filthy and mal-odorous than the thick sediment of the hair coloring preparations sold in darkened bottles. Per contra, PHALON'S VITALIA, or SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, the only article that will renew the natural color of gray hair, has no sediment, and is perfectly transparent. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. mh15-deod1w

EQUINE Powders create a good appetite. mh17-d1w

GRAY HAIRS, BEGONE!—Tutt's Improved Liquid Hair Dye is a perfect wonder. By its use the old become young again. It converts the gray head into a beautiful black or brown. It imparts a natural color to the grizzly mustache and whiskers, and gives to the hair and beard a softness and gloss, that the young beaux might envy. mch11-d1w

Caution.

Planters, in purchasing SOLUBLE PACIFIC Guano should be very cautious, and see that it comes to you on the bags the brand, "J. S. Rees & Co.'s Soluble Pacific Guano." Adair & Bro. are the only authorized agents here. We know of a few who purchased Sardis' Ammoniated Soluble Pacific, thinking it was same thing as our Guano, which is NOT SO. Respectfully,

ADAIR & BRO.

We have 50 tons Peruvian Guano at $60 per ton. mch9-tf ADAIR & BRO.

WIVES AND MOTHERS.—Only woman knows what women endure; and if there be any means of assuaging the distress of body and mind which so many thousands experience day after day and week after week, with a feeling which puts to shame the heedless censure of men, who will deny that as great a blessing as sex should be found in every household? Hitherto these have been benefitted by its use, but among the feeble and sickly of the opposite gender, who perhaps need it most, its virtues are not so widely known. This foremost remedy of the age—this specific for every species of debility, general or local, constitutional or casual, is PLANTATION BITTERS. One right of woman, at least, will be conceded—the right to strengthening herself to sustain the ills of which the laws of nature have made her the unfortunate heiress.

The acknowledged healthfulness, unrivaled flavor, delicacy, great convenience, and extraordinary cheapness of SEA MOSS FARINA, will always keep it in the foremost place among articles intended for a table-dessert. mh15-deod1w&wlt

UTERINE Displacements, (displacements of the womb,) Piles, Prolapsus ani, Rupture Varicocele, Spermatorrhœa, affections of the Spine, Heart, Lungs, and Throat, and all weaknesses of the male and female system radically cured by Bansing's light, cool and scientific Braces and Supports.

Dr. Banningis at the National Hotel, and will remain a few days. Call for gratuitous pamphlet. feb18-dtf

1,000 bushels fresh ground Feed Meal, two parts Meal, one part Wheat Bran, mixed, 48 pounds for $1.10 without bags, or $1.15 bags included. Address orders, A. K. Seago. mar10-d6t

WM. R. HANLEITER, Book Binder, Blank Book Manufacturer, etc., Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov14-dtf

SHAKING AND BURNING.—It is not necessary to journey from the tropics to Alaska in order to experience the extremes of heat and cold. Thousands undergo all the inconveniences of this thermometrical change every day, or every other day, as the case may be, without the trouble of moving over the threshold. A word with these involuntary shakers. What are they doing to eradicate their return to a medium temperature—to break the chills and banish the fever? Are they dosing themselves with quinine, thereby imperilling the soundness of their bones and impairing the vigor of their brains and nervous system? Some of them are no doubt, but not the majority of them, it is believed. The value of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a harmless and certain specific for fever and ague is understood and appreciated in all parts of the country where intermittents prevail. The residents of such localities begin to take it early in the spring as a protection against the miasma by which they are surrounded; not all of them, perhaps, for a blind adherence to error is the specialty of some people, but not the greater number.

If there is any fixed facts in therapeutics, it is this: that the Bitters are a far better safeguard against all the varieties of periodic maladies produced by unwholesome exhalations than any drug or compound in the materia medica of the profession. This assertion is made with all due respect to the faculty, but being an important truth, and one that nearly concerns the health of large settlements in various parts of the country, and indeed of the public at large, it is made fearlessly. Founded on ample and unimpeachable testimony, it defies disapproval.

To break up chills and fevers, as well as to prevent them, there is nothing so reliable as this wholesome vegetable restorative. mh15-deod1w&wlt

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.

feb20-tf

WANTED.—A good Book-Binder. Apply at once for steady situation and good wages to W. R. HANLEITER.

dec14-tf

THE ADVANTAGES WE ENJOY as the result of a long established and successful business enables us to offer inducements that makes this announcement worthy of

ATTENTION.

Importing our foreign goods direct, controlling many leading styles of American fabrics, employing the best artistic talent in the production of our goods, and "constant progress" our motto, we claim to lead the market in

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

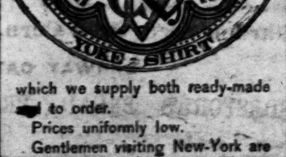
of which we keep full lines of all grades, for Men and Boys. In

CUSTOM WORK

our products are unsurpassed for quality, workmanship and elegance. In

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

our stock is constantly large and seasonable. We are the sole manufacturers of the



which we supply both ready-made and to order.

Prices uniformly low.

Gentlemen visiting New-York are requested to call and have their measures recorded upon our books.

System of Self-Measurement, and other information promptly furnished when desired.

Address P. O. Box 2256, N. Y.

DEVLIN & CO.

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VULCANIZED

FIRE and WATER PROOF

ROOFING.

MESSRS. THATER & GLASSIE are now prepared to apply their

FIRE-PROOF ROOF NO.

without a SEAM. It is a FIRE and WATER PROOF covering, and as new METAL CORE, TIN, COPPER or other ROOF.

[illegible] work guaranteed.

[illegible] Roofs, and Repairing done with Promptness. Address, [illegible] Atlanta, Ga. [illegible]

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who Have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in roughness of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and FUNCTIONAL DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT, AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, tessing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a rainbow of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the *structure* and *functions* of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healthy action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the **Kidneys** is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys. The Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are chiefly instrumental in the ruin of the nervous system to increase into fearful ratio.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Detection of Specific; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a new quack nostrum; FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 4 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Sold by [illegible] Druggists, and Country Merchants generally throughout Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, and South Carolina.

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Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

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HENRY'S

CARBOLIC

CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR,

—OR—

BLOOD CLEANSER!

This medicine is known to the faculty as being the concentrated fluid extract of Sarsaparilla united with

CARBOLIC ACID

For the Cure of

SCROFULA and CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is compounded expressly for purifying and cleansing the blood of all impurities, going at once to the fountain head of disease. It extinguishes

Tumors, Consumption, Syphilis, Skin Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Boils, Rheumatism, Waste of Vitality, Scrofula.

We all know that the promiscuous vaccination indulged in during the late war, bred the most villainous diseases. Vaccination pus was taken from the arms of many full of scrofulous sores.

Then of course the impurities of the scrofulous patient were absorbed in the blood of men otherwise without diseases, and both became infected alike. Men, women and children throughout all the west are more wofully diseased from this cause, and knew not until a few months ago, the origin of it.

HENRY'S CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR

Relieves the entire system of Pains and Aches, enlivens the spirits, and sends new blood bounding through every vein. It imparts a

Sparkling Brightness to the Eye.
A Rosy Glow to the Cheek.
A Ruby Tinge to the Lips.
A Clearness to the Head.
Brightness to the Complexion.
Buoyancy to the Spirits.
And Happiness on all Sides.

For all affections of the kidneys is unsurpassed. People have been rescued, as it were, from the very jaws of death, by a timely use of this great remedy.

EXTRACTS FROM VARIOUS LETTERS.

"I was vaccinated in hospital. Before that I had no skin disease. Until I had a bottle of your Constitution Renovator sent me by Mr. Roper, of Columbia, Mo., I suffered tortures with running sores. Since I used two bottles, I am all well except a small sore on the calf of my leg, and that is getting well fast."

This is from a lady: "And now my skin is as clear and fair as a babe's. My complexion, thanks to your Renovator, is beautiful.

"Yes, yes, I may say such relief was unknown to me before. I should feel five dollars for six bottles; two families here want to try it."

"I was very much troubled with syphilis. Your remedy seems to be curing me fast.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

HUSH!

Hush! the moaning of the dove
Will not be heard by any love
Listening to the ocean's roar,
Thrills the heart of Estacine;
Lo! she comes! Light the music
Of her garments through the gloom,
And her footsteps wake the echoes,
And her presence fills the room.

Hush! I hear a trembling promise
And a fond farewell to earth,
And my vision lies behind me
In the valley of the years;
For a moment we together,
Neither speak, and neither move,
With a sudden pang of sorrow
Born of Memory and of Love.

Hush! the night is still, and holy—
Love must whisper full of truth,
And the glory of her presence
Brightens all my wasted youth.
Link our hands, my heart relenting.
"Oh! beloved, I forgive!"
Know such moments come from Heaven,
When the dead return and live.

Foreign.

Henry Rochefort is very ill.

Cholera has disappeared from Santa Spiritus.

Espartero, Duke of Victoria, is expected at Madrid, and intimates that he will be a candidate for royalty.

The ship Washington, Capt. Richmond, Newcastle for New York, with a general cargo, has arrived at Southampton, leaking.

An international exhibition of fans is announced in London. The Empress of Russia and the Baroness Rothschild will be leading contributors to the exhibition.

The Bremen steamer New York, which arrived at Southampton from New York, encountered on her voyage large numbers of icebergs, some of them of mountainous size.

In the House of Lords the Naturalization bill was debated in committee. The Lord Chancellor advocated an amendment permitting aliens to acquire and dispose of lands in British territory, except in time of war.

At the Liverpool races the Liverpool spring cup was won by Col. Forrester's b. c. Free Trade, Caractacus out of Traffic. Lord Falmouth's b. c. Kingcraft, by King Tom out of Woodcraft, continues the favorite for the Derby.

The chief editor of the *Journal du Faubourg* has been sentenced to eight months' imprisonment and a fine of 2,000 francs, and the publisher to six months' imprisonment with a fine of 1,000 francs, for offense against the Emperor.

SAMBO AS AN ALDERMAN.

His Dignity gets on the Rampage.

A commission merchant of this city was yesterday summoned before the City Court on a most amusing charge, brought by one of the negro members of the Board of Aldermen, Wm. Kellogg. As we heard it stated, it seems that Kellogg, whom the gentleman had known all his life and had many a time as a boy employed in the manufacture of tops, cross-bows, etc., stepped into the office of the merchant Saturday for the purpose of ordering some coal. Our friend waited on him, and said very pleasantly on receiving the order, "All right, William;" had previously addressed him, "Good morning, William;" and made the friendly inquiry during the conversation, "What are you driving at now, William." Little did our good-natured friend suspect the harm he had done. Shortly Kellogg returned, and desired the favor of a private audience. This being granted, he assumed a wounded and indignant look, and said to the gentleman that he had not come into his office to be treated so disrespectfully as he was just now. The gentleman inquired in what manner, and at once denying any intention of that character. "Why," said Kellogg, "you called me *William*. My name is Kellogg—*Mr.* Kellogg, they call me." The merchant turned upon him and said: "*William*, do you know what I think? I think that you are a —— fool." With that he was coolly shown the door, and one of the draymen of the house given orders to eject him if he did not leave quickly. He got outside where he remained muttering until ordered off.

Yesterday a warrant gotten out by Kellogg was served upon the merchant and he appeared before the city court on the copper-colored Alderman's complaint. After hearing the accusation, the court very sensibly decided that there was no law as yet providing how one man shall address another; and if the complainant wanted such a law he would have to make one in the Board of Aldermen.—*Wilmington (N. C.) Journal.*

A member of the Alabama Legislature has been arrested a second time on a charge of subornation of perjury. When things have come to such a pass that an Alabama scalawag is not permitted by the rebels to follow his moral and political bias, it is high time for Congress to interfere in the affairs of that State.

MARTIAL LAW.—Holden has issued a proclamation declaring the county of Alamance in a state of insurrection, and will quarter his negro militia upon its good people. His pretext for this is, that the Ku-Klux are perpetrating outrages in that quarter.

A clergyman consoling a young widow on the death of her husband, remarked that she could not find his equal. "I don't know about that," remarked the sobbing fair one; "but I'll try."

☞ Captain-General De Rodas's victims (the fifty-one Masons) are still in jail in Havana, and the *Voz de Cuba* is engaged in denouncing Masonry in general.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; R. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	7.30 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.40 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.30 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	10.00 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	8.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	3.30 A.M.

Passengers for Milledgeville, Washington and Athens, Ga., must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta and Atlanta.

Passengers for West Point, Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger train to make close connections.

Passengers for Nashville, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either train and make connections.

Through Tickets and Baggage checked through to the above places.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Assistant Supt.

Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 9, 1869.

☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—P. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportion.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	5 30 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	7 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 30 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	6 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 35 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	1 35 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	3 00 P M
Arrives at Dalton	12.01 A M
Leaves Dalton	1 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9.30 A M

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD.—87 miles—Fare, — per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8.15A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12.20 P. M.
Leave West Point	12.35 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	9.00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	12.45 P. M.
Leave West Point	3.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10.07 A. M.

☞ MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—102 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; M. W. BROSNON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8.35 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	7.25 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	12.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

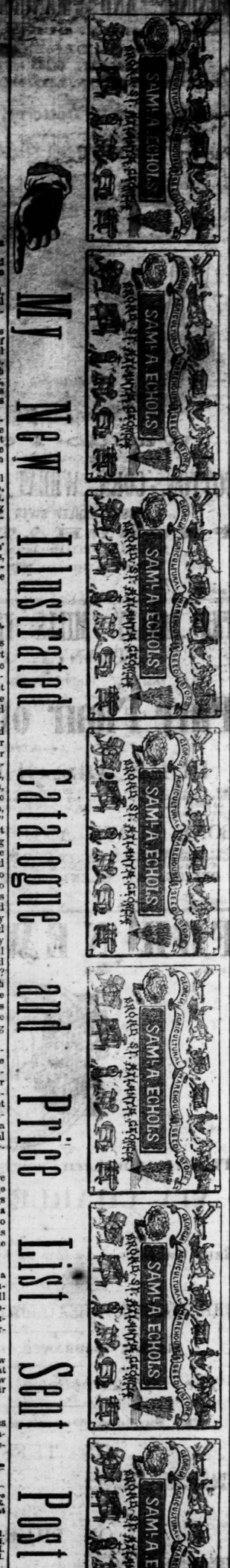
Leave Atlanta	7.10 P M
Arrive at Macon	2.20 A M
Leave Macon	8.00 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.40 A M

☞ POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA.—On and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	7	o'clock, A M
Close at	7	o'clock, P M
SUNDAYS.		
Open at	8	o'clock, A M
Close at	10	o'clock, A M

J. E. DOMINEY, P. M.

nov4— dec31-42m



New Illustrated Catalogue and Price List Sent Post Paid on Application.

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

The Only Route from Atlanta RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

Through Passenger Trains Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--5:50 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans, AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West.

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES FROM

Atlanta to New York.

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

Baggage Checked Through

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent,
nov28-d3m

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked through** from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars ON All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a Splendid Line of Steamships From Charleston, S.C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Season can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april-3m

OCB TRADE MARK

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINKMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S.C.
jan15-d1y

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

—DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Jan8 d6m

VULCAN WORKS,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

S. B. LOWE,

GENERAL PARTNER,

ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of

COMMON BAR IRON,
TIRE,
ROUNDS,
SQUARES,
HORSE SHOE,
BAND,
HOOP,
PLOW PLATE, etc.

—ALSO—

To RAILROAD COMPANIES, a superior quality of IRON, manufactured from Tennessee Charcoal Pig and Bloom,

HAMMERED CAR AXLES,
DRIVING AXLES,
BRIDGE BOLTS,
Freight and Passenger Car IRONS, complete,
PISTON RODS,
SHAFTING.

—ALSO—

All sizes FLAT, ROUNDS and SQUARES.

Address S. B. LOWE
apr12t-d1y Chattanooga, Tenn.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-d1y

MARBLEIZED

SLATE MANTELS,

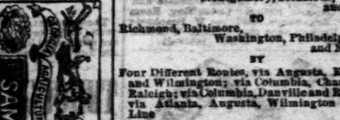
RICH AND ELEGANT DESIGNS.

More durable and at half the price of Marble.

Carefully packed and shipped to any part of the country. Send for circular.

T. B. STEWART & CO.,
feb1-d3m 805 Sixth Ave., New York.

WM. WOOD & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS AND UPHOLSTERS, keep on hand all qualities of Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases; also, all kinds of Wood Coffins. Will send Hearse, if necessary, at any hour, with a beautiful first class Hearse furnished or for hire. Carriages etc., will be furnished. All kinds of Upholstery work done. Furniture repaired, varnished, etc. Shop on Pryor street, near the Post-office. All orders will be promptly attended to.
nov28-d1y

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

Will not corrode the iron, mould the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,
No. 265, Broadway, N. Y.
No. 721 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
feb6-dtf

M. E. JONES & CO.,

Practical Slaters,

Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

POST-OFFICE BOX 90.

SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at the lowest rates and in the best manner.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Orders left Council House will receive prompt attention.

All work warranted.
Also, Agents for Georgia State. oct20-d3m

CONFECTIONERIES.

F. M. JACK,

MANUFACTURER OF

CANDIES,

WHOLESALE PRICE 20 CENTS per POUND.

Crackers,

WHOLESALE PRICE 7 CENTS per POUND.

Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets, Atlanta, Ga.
jan30-d6m

Whann's Raw-Bone Super-Phosphate

OF LIME,

THE GREAT FERTILIZER FOR

ALL CROPS!

AFTER years of trial by our most scientific Farmers, it has given universal satisfaction, yielding, in some instances 300 per cent. profit. Price delivered on the cars at Charleston, $65 cash, or $75 payable November 1, 1870. For sale by the Agent,

A. LEYDEN,

General Commission Merchant,

No. 18, Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

☞ Pure Fine Ground Raw-Bone $70 per ton. Lime from the Kiln at market rate.

jan30 d1y

BERGER & BUTTS'

EXCELSIOR SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF

LIME.

WE now offer this Standard Fertilizer to the Planters of Georgia, and as a guarantee of its great value, we need only say, that we hold certificates of Dr. R. J. Massey, Inspector of Fulton County, and Professor A. Means, at Savannah, with analysis of G. H. Williams, Analitical Chemist, Savannah, Ga. Apart from these, we hold many certificates from planters of Georgia, endorsing this article as giving the very best results.

Cash Price $70 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Time Price $75 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

GLENN & WRIGHT.

Baugh's Dissolved Bone.

WE are in large supply of this popular article, and offer it as in the past, on most favorable terms. To our people, this is no New Fertilizer, and therefore, needs no eulogy or Certificates.

Price $70 Per Ton, Cash. GLENN & WRIGHT.
feb2-dtf

GUANOS!

ARRIVING AT MY NEW WAREHOUSE,

Just Completed for me, by Mr. E. W. Holland,

500 TONS SEA FOWL GUANO,
100 tons Russell Coe's Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate,
100 tons Sardy's Ammoniated Soluble Pacific
100 tons Sardy's Phosphate Peruvian,
50 tons Ground Bone Phosphate,
50 tons Pure Peruvian Guano,
100 tons Land Plaster,
50 tons Dissolved Bones,
50 tons Bone Dust,
100 tons Ellwan's No. 1 and 2,
20 tons John Merryman's Ammoniated Dissolved Bones,
100 tons Andrew Coe's Super-Phosphate,
25 tons Bangh's Rawbone Phosphate,
25 tons Herbert & Hairston's Ammoniated Soluble Phosphate,
25 tons Whann's Phosphate,
25 tons Rhodes's Phosphate,
25 tons Poudrette,
100 tons Salt.

TIME SALES GIVEN ON SOME OF ABOVE.

Call and see me. It is useless to hunt for what I have not got. I also have an immense stock of

Garden Seed, Seed Corn, Cotton Seed, Potatoes,

NORWAY OATS. PLOWS,

HORSFORD'S BREAD PREPARATION, Etc., Etc.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
feb19— [jan7-dtf] Guano Merchant, Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

LANGFORD & McCRATH,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
PUMPS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON,

Tinners' Findings, Sheet Lead, Hollow Ware, Sheet Iron, Metal Mantels at Factory Prices. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.

KEY STONE BLOCK,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

☞ Agents for the celebrated "Climax Oil Stove."
feb26-d1y

"Direct Trade with Europe."

J. H. ASHBRIDGE, of New Orleans.
J. S. MUTTON, of Macon, Georgia.

J. H. ASHBRIDGE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND GENERAL

PURCHASING AGENTS

LIVERPOOL.

ASHBRIDGE, SMITH & CO., NEW ORLEANS.

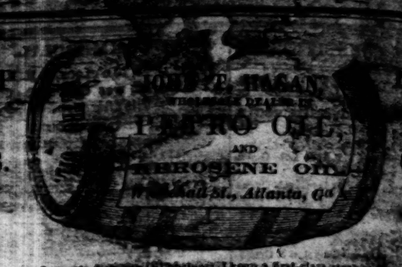
Consignments Solicited. Particular attention given to the sale of Southern Lands to Foreign Capitalists and intending Emigrants. Orders for Foreign Goods executed on best possible Terms. mar7-d1y

For Sale.

HAVING sold my interest in Drugs, I now offer a Soda Fountain and Counter, with Marble Slab, at an extremely low price.

Apply to J. E. WILKSON.
jan16-d1f

LAMP OILS.



Separate from my Oil Platform, I keep a first-class stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Especially adapted to the RETAIL CITY TRADE. I have just received the following:

Pearl Hominy,	2,000 lbs. Candy—assorted,	Cranberries, Pickles,
Pearl Grits,	Citron, Canned Fruits, Dates,	Soda Crackers, Sugar,
Buckwheat Flour,	20 bbls. Crackers—Grah,	Soda Crackers, Sugar,
Hams—new sugar-cured,	Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon,	Mackerel, Cheese,
Breakfast Bacon,	Oranges, Lemons,	Apples by the bbl,
Dried Beef, Fresh Mullet,	Dressed Poultry,	Java Coffee,
	Pickled Figs, Peaches, etc. etc.	

A fine lot of WHISKIES, WINES and SWEET JERSEY CIDER, on hand. Country merchants would find it to their advantage to get their Lamp Oils and Lamp Goods of me.

☞ My OIL WAGON will start soon, when the citizens may have the best KEROSENE or PETRO OIL delivered at their doors, without extra charge.

No Oil kept in Grocery Department. JOHN T. HIGHT,
dec23-d3m Sign Red Flag.

No. 76 SPRING STOCK. No. 76

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

WHITEHALL STREET,

Offer to the Trade the Celebrated Velocipede Brand

DOUBLE WARP BLACK ALPACAS

THIRTY-TWO INCHES WIDE—SURPASSING ALL OTHERS.

WE also offer to the trade a large Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, and Ready-Made Clothing. Having bought early in the season, at rates much lower than the present, we will offer

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS.

To meet the increased demand, we have, in addition to our Sale Room on the first floor, fitted up a second floor above, exclusively for the Wholesale Trade. This room is large and commodious, well lighted and ventilated. Buyers are respectfully requested to inspect Our Stock, and we promise full satisfaction. Wholesale Department Upstairs.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,
sep28-d1f Whitehall St.

THE WILLINGHAM FERTILIZER FOR COTTON, CORN WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the wants of the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of material, containing no necessary substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being introduced, and it can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., January 1, 1870.

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of your "Willingham Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer," I have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be a reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soils of Georgia and South Carolina. THOMAS H. WORTH, M.D.

Price per ton, 2000 lbs. Price per ton, 1000 lbs. If, on approved city acceptance.

B. L. WILLINGHAM,

General Supervising Agents for South Carolina, Georgia & Alabama

PHILLIPS & MYERS,

Manufacturers and General Agents, Savannah, Geo.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, AGENTS.
nov20—d6m Atlanta, Georgia

Important to Farmers and Planters.

MERRYMAN'S RAW-BONE

SUPER-PHOSPHATE FOR COTTON!

THIS Phosphate has proved itself to be the Cheapest, and fully equal to any in the Market, and surpassed by the highest-priced Guanos. Its adaptation to

COTTON, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, TOBACCO, GARDEN TRUCK, GRASSES,

Has been thoroughly and satisfactorily tested. Finely ground and reliable for Drilling. Put up in bags of 167 lbs. each.

O. P. MERRYMAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS, BALTIMORE, MD.

Send to Agents for Circulars containing other testimonials from different sections of the country for sale by ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta.

NEAR JONESBORO, GA., Nov. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.—Sirs: In reply to your enquiry, as to the merits of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, I take pleasure in stating that in my opinion there is no Fertilizer in use that is superior to it. I used it on my cotton, and am well pleased with it, and will use it more extensively another year. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all who want a good reliable Fertilizer.

Yours, truly, ELLISON ROSS.

jan16-d3m

EAST POINT, GA., Oct. 2, 1869.

GENTLEMEN—The two tons of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate purchased of you last spring, I applied on my cotton crop, and I have no hesitancy in saying, after thorough tests that Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate is fully equal, if not superior to either of the others.

Yours, truly, JOSEPH CALDWELL.

CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!

MEADOR & BROTHERS,

Cigar Manufactory, is now prepared to offer to Customers,

AND TO DEALERS IN GENERAL.—WHOLESALE

The Following Schedule of Brands:

FUROS Regalia Finas,
" Londres de Regalia,
" Conchas Finas,
" Operas,
" Consuelo Regalia Finas, La Grand Regalia Finas,
Gala Day Londres de Regalia, Grand Londres de Regalia,
Clay Fast Conchas Finas, Eloquent Conchas Finas,
Empire State Londres, La Marseilles Londres.

With increasing confidence, we place before the public, the finest Cigars made at this style of the Yara DE ARAZO, known as our CONSUELO BRAND, which comprises the following Vitolas:

IMPERIALS, IN BOXES OF 50.

CONCHITAS, IN BOXES OF 100.

TRABUCOS, IN BOXES OF 25

AND THE FOLLOWING LIST OF STAPLE BRANDS:

Legal Tender Imperiales, La Dalmora Trabucos,
El Trovador Imperiales, El Trovador Regalias,
Flower of the South, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas,
El Amado, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas.

PARTAGAS.

Upmann, Miller; Integrided, Miller; La Quinta Romeos, Londres in boxes of 100 and 50; Bartholo, La Flores; La Opinion; the Eagle Brand; Yara, the only Primeros Cigar in Yara de Cuba; La Africana; the Celebrated Cigar in the Market; La Esperanza; Flor de Cuba; The Standing Brand, La Francesa, known as one in Demand, constantly Coming, etc.

MEADOR & BROTHERS,

Tobacco Commission Merchants, Whitehall St., Atlanta.
jan16-d3m